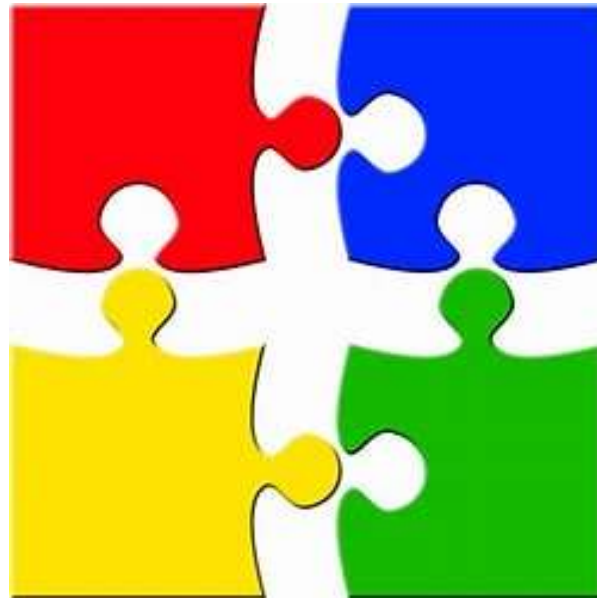


Community of Practice Roundtables

FALL 2022

Where do we fit in?

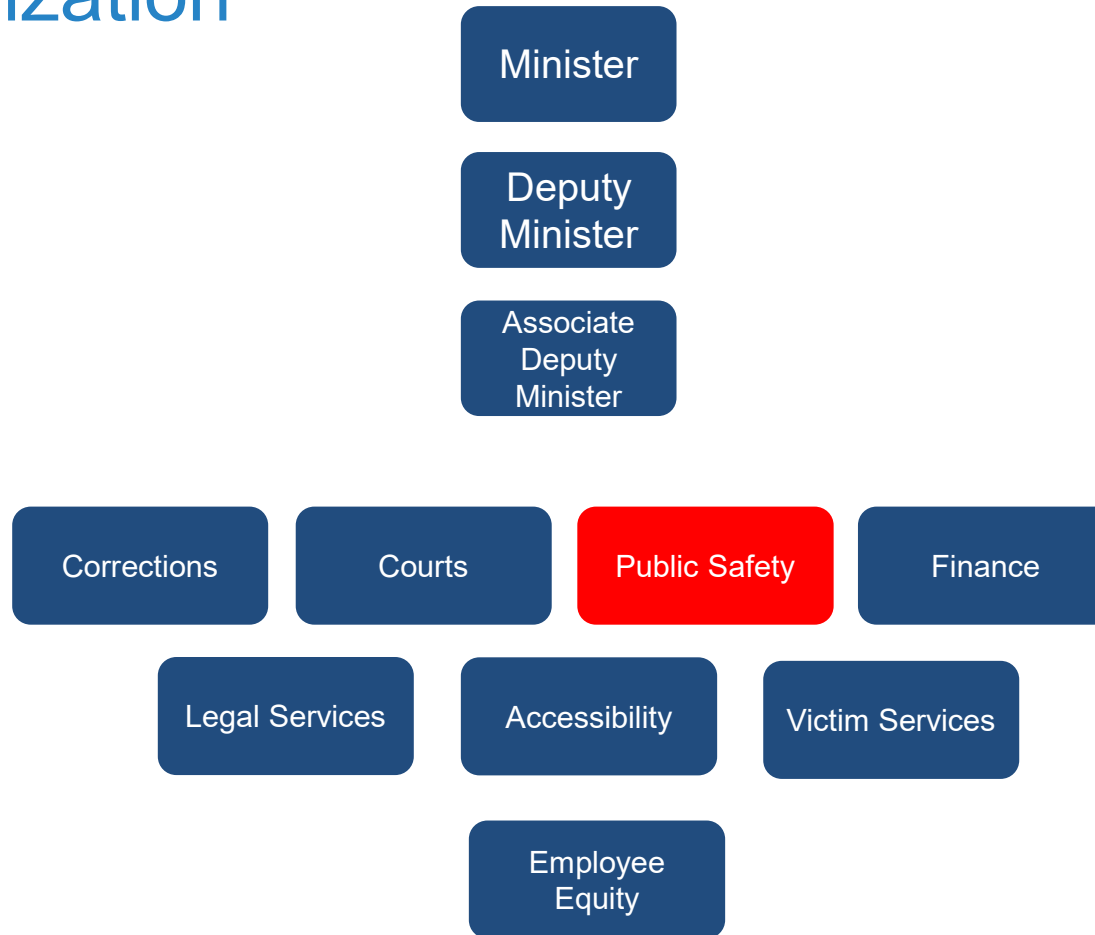




Overview

*Department of Justice, Public Safety
and Security Division (PSSD)*

Our Organization



Public Safety Mission Statement

Public Safety and Security Division is committed to supporting the safety and security of Nova Scotians by collaborating with various stakeholders and communities, in accordance with provincial and federal legislation, to provide a range of programs and services in the areas such as Policing, Private Security, Firearms and Government Corporate Security. We are committed to ensuring services are accessible and representative of the communities we serve.

Public Safety and Security Division

- ▶ The Public Safety and Security Division is comprised of the following Units:
 - ▶ Policing Strategies
 - ▶ Public Safety Investigations (Safer Communities & Neighbourhoods and CyberSCAN)
 - ▶ Corporate Security
 - ▶ Provincial Firearms Program
 - ▶ Security Programs Office
 - ▶ Service Dog Program

Public Safety Stakeholders

- ▶ Municipal Police
- ▶ Royal Canadian Mounted Police (National and Divisional)
- ▶ Canada Border Security Agency
- ▶ Military Police
- ▶ First Nations and Indigenous communities
- ▶ Community Organizations
- ▶ Private Security Sector
- ▶ Public Safety Canada
- ▶ Contract Management Committee
- ▶ Municipal governments
- ▶ Police Advisory Boards and Boards of Police Commissioners
- ▶ Nova Scotia Associate Police Governance

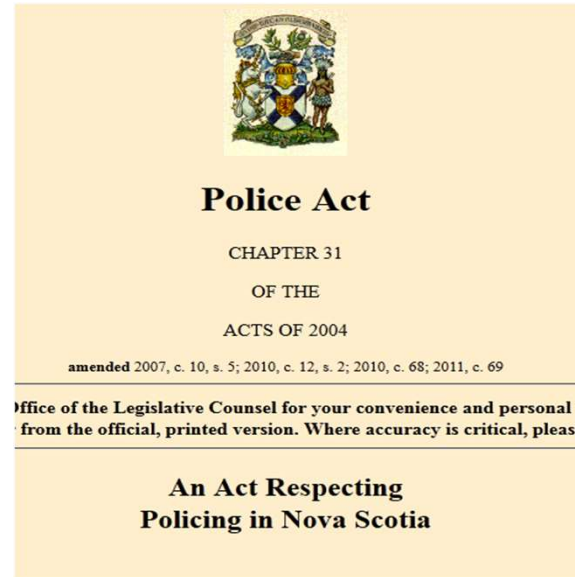


Documents Guiding The Work

Legislative Authority

Province of Nova Scotia

- ▶ Authority for policing within NS
- ▶ Minister's responsibility to ensure that "an adequate and effective level of policing is maintained throughout the Province"



Provincial Authority

- ▶ Administration of Justice is the constitutional responsibility of the government of Nova Scotia - Section 5 of the Police Act “Minister of Justice overall responsibility for law enforcement”
- ▶ Approved resource levels are approved by Department of Justice and Public Safety Canada.

Legislated Responsibilities

Section 35 of the Nova Scotia *Police Act* states:

Responsibility for policing in municipality

35 (1) Every municipality is responsible for the policing of and maintenance of law and order in the municipality and for providing and maintaining an adequate, efficient and effective police department at its expense in accordance with its needs.

Policing Service Agreement

- ▶ The Agreement
 - ▶ The 2012 Provincial Policing Service Agreement (referred to as the PPSA or PSA) is a 26 Article agreement that outlines the roles and responsibilities of the two contract partners (Canada and Nova Scotia), as well as the service provider (Royal Canadian Mounted Police).
 - ▶ The RCMP are not a party to the PPSA

PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA

PROVINCIAL POLICE SERVICE AGREEMENT

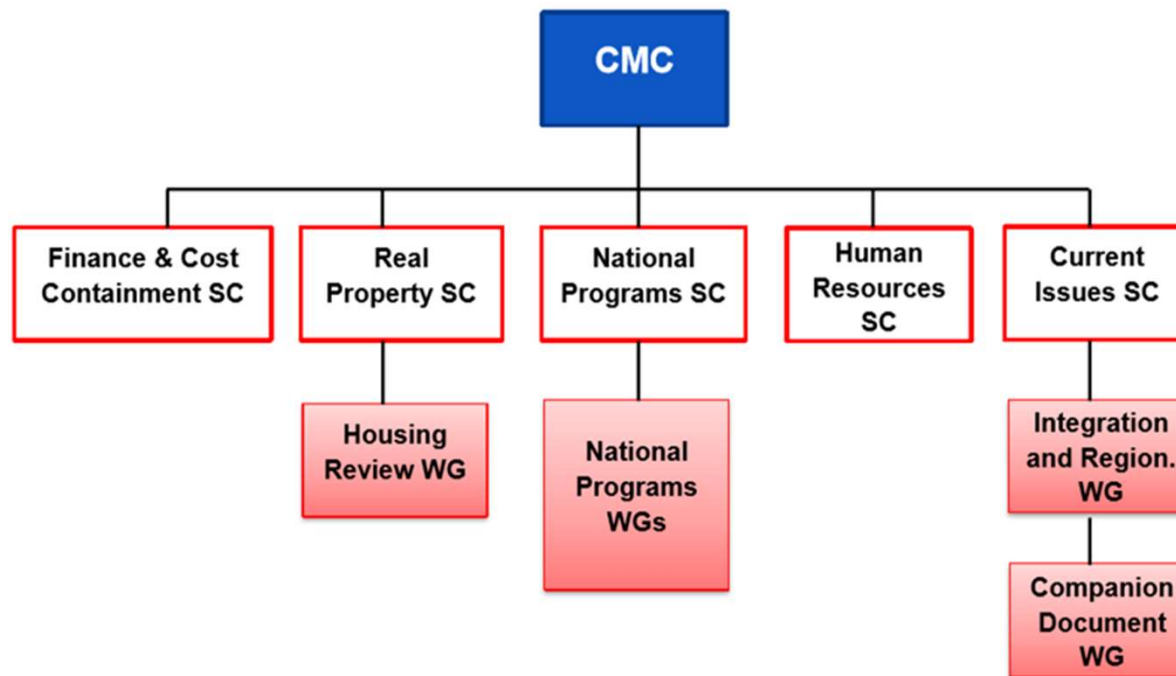
April 1, 2012



2012 RCMP Provincial and Territorial
Police Service Agreements

Companion Document

Contract Management Committee



Local Contract Management Committee

- ▶ As municipalities are not a party to contracts for RCMP as the provincial police, a committee was established to share information or discuss concerns as appropriate.
- ▶ The LCMC meets twice per year, after the CMC meetings.
- ▶ This ensure the province and municipalities may work together toward the common goal of providing an efficient and effective RCMP police service in support of the administration of justice.



Police Board Governance and Function

Police Act

Province of Nova Scotia

Section 57(1)	Section 57(2)
<ul style="list-style-type: none">A municipality receiving policing services in whole or in part from the Royal Canadian Mounted Police or the Provincial Police shall establish a police advisory board.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">An Advisory Board consists of five or seven members.

Composition of the Board
2/2/1 or **3/3/1**

~

- *2 or 3 Members of council
- *2 or 3 citizens
- *1 Ministerial Appointment

Equity, Diversity, and Inclusion on the Board

- ❑ The Board will seek and capture opportunities to ensure proper representations of the communities are on the Board
- ❑ The Board will be intentional about removing any perceived barriers to participation
- ❑ Everyone on the Board must feel include and safe
- ❑ Diversity Training should be provided to the Board members to ensure cultural competence

Advisory Board Functions

Sec. 68(1) of the Police Act:

The function of an advisory board is **to provide advice to council** in relation to the enforcement of law, the maintenance of law and order and the prevention of crime in the municipality,

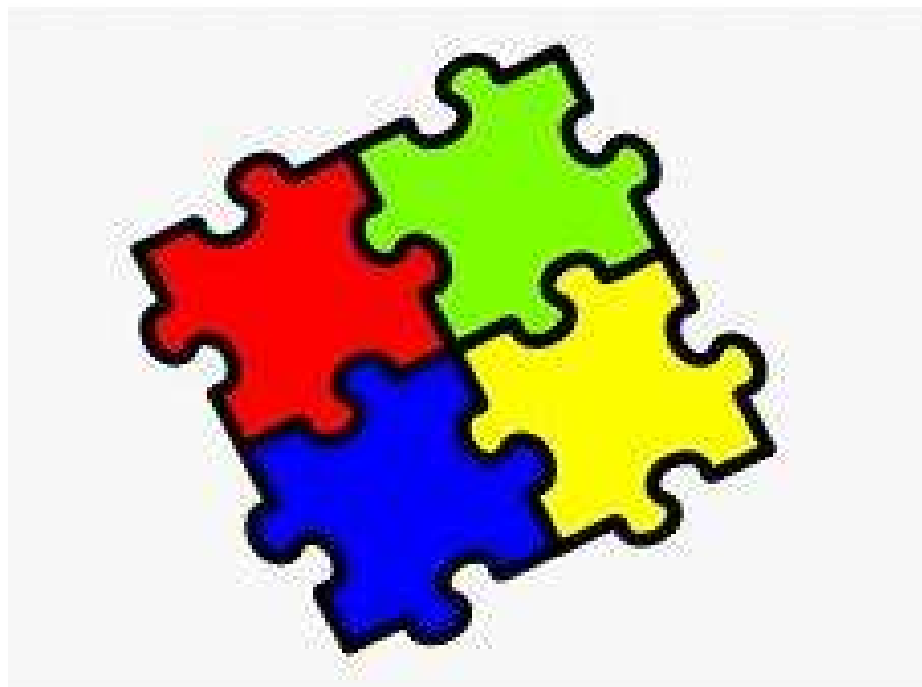
The board **shall not exercise jurisdiction** relating to

- ▶ complaints
- ▶ discipline
- ▶ personnel conduct, or
- ▶ the internal management of the RCMP

Advisory Board Functions

- ▶ **Oath of Office**
- ▶ **Setting Priorities & Objectives**
- ▶ **Community Relations**

Seeing the bigger picture



Thank you – any questions?

